## Discrete Mathematics Problem Set 5 Sets

- 1. What are these sets? Write them explicitely, listing their members.
  - (a)  $\{\{2,4,6\},\{6,4\},\} \cap \{4,6,8\}$
  - (b)  $\wp(\{7,8,9\} \wp(\{7,9\})$
  - (c) ℘(∅)
  - (d)  $\{1,3,5\} \times \{0\}$
  - (e)  $\{2, 4, 6\} \times \emptyset$
  - (f)  $\wp(\{0\}) \times \wp(\{1\})$
  - (g)  $\wp(\wp(\{2\}))$
- 2. Prove the distributive law

$$A \cup (B \cap C) = (A \cup B) \cap (A \cup C)$$

- 3. Show that if *A* is a finite set with |*A*| = n, then |℘(*A*)| = 2<sup>n</sup>.
  Hint: Consider the Taylor series expansion of f (x) = x<sup>n</sup> at 1.
- 4. If |A| = n, what is  $|\wp(A) \{\{x\} : x \in A\}|$ ?
- 5. Prove that if A, B, C, D are sets such that  $A \subseteq B$  and  $C \subseteq D$ , then  $A \times C \subseteq B \times D$ .
- 6. Prove the following De Morgan's law:
  - (a)  $(A \cup B)^c = A^c \cap B^c$
  - (b)  $(A \cap B)^c = A^c \cup B^c$

7. Prove the following.

(a) 
$$A \cap (A \cup B) = A$$

(b)  $A - (B \cap C) = (A - B) \cup (A - C)$