## Differential Equations Problem Set 6 Harmonic Motion

1. Consider harmonic oscillator

 $m\ddot{x} + c\dot{x} + kx = 0$ 

with mass m, damping coefficient c, and spring constant (also called stiffness) k. For the values specified along with given initial conditions, solve the equation of harmonic oscillator.

- (a) m = 1, c = 8, k = 7 with initial conditions  $x(0) = -1, \dot{x}(0) = 5$
- (b) m = 1, c = 6, k = 8 with initial conditions  $x(0) = 1, \dot{x}(0) = 0$
- (c) m = 1, c = 4, k = 5 with initial conditions x(0) = 1,  $\dot{x}(0) = 0$
- (d) m = 1, c = 0, k = 8 with initial conditions  $x(0) = 1, \dot{x}(0) = 4$
- (e) m = 2, c = 3, k = 1 with initial conditions  $x(0) = 0, \dot{x}(0) = 3$
- (f) m = 9, c = 6, k = 1 with initial conditions  $x(0) = 1, \dot{x}(0) = 1$
- (g) m = 2, c = 0, k = 3 with initial conditions  $x(0) = 2, \dot{x}(0) = -3$
- (h) m = 2, c = 1, k = 3 with initial conditions  $x(0) = 0, \dot{x}(0) = -3$
- 2. Harmonic oscillator

$$m\ddot{x} + c\dot{x} + kx = 0$$

has one real solution  $e^{-\frac{c}{2m}t}$  if  $c^2 - 4mk = 0$ . Show that  $te^{-\frac{c}{2m}t}$  is also a solution.